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- (a) In this Part III of this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (b) "Ambulatory surgical facility" has the meaning stated in 19–3B–01 of this title.
 - (c) "Carrier" means:
- (1) An insurer or nonprofit health service plan that holds a certificate of authority and provides health insurance policies or contracts in the State in accordance with the Insurance Article; or
- (2) A health maintenance organization that holds a certificate of authority in the State.
- (d) "Comprehensive standard health benefit plan" means the comprehensive standard health benefit plan adopted in accordance with § 15–1207 of the Insurance Article.
- (e) (1) "Health benefit plan" means a hospital or medical policy, contract, or certificate issued by a carrier.
 - (2) "Health benefit plan" does not include:
 - (i) Coverage for accident or disability income insurance;
 - (ii) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
- (iii) Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance;
 - (iv) Workers' compensation or similar insurance;
 - (v) Automobile or property medical payment insurance;
 - (vi) Credit-only insurance;
 - (vii) Coverage for on–site medical clinics;

- (viii) Dental or vision insurance;
- (ix) Long-term care insurance or benefits for nursing home care, home health care, community-based care, or any combination of these;
 - (x) Coverage only for a specified disease or illness;
 - (xi) Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance; or
- (xii) The following benefits if offered as a separate insurance policy:
- 1. Medicare supplemental health insurance, as defined in § 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act;
- 2. Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under Chapter 55 of Title 10 of the United States Code; or
- 3. Similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under an employer sponsored plan.
- (f) "Health care practitioner" means any individual who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized under the Health Occupations Article to provide health care services.
 - (g) (1) "Health care provider" means:
- (i) A person who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized under the Health Occupations Article to provide health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of a profession or in an approved education or training program; or
- (ii) A facility where health care is provided to patients or recipients, including:
 - 1. A facility, as defined in § 10–101(g) of this article;
 - 2. A hospital, as defined in § 19–301 of this title;
- 3. A related institution, as defined in § 19–301 of this title;

- 4. A health maintenance organization, as defined in § 19–701(g) of this title;
 - 5. An outpatient clinic; and
 - 6. A medical laboratory.
- (2) "Health care provider" includes the agents and employees of a facility who are licensed or otherwise authorized to provide health care, the officers and directors of a facility, and the agents and employees of a health care provider who are licensed or otherwise authorized to provide health care.
- (h) "Health care service" means any health or medical care procedure or service rendered by a health care practitioner that:
- (1) Provides testing, diagnosis, or treatment of human disease or dysfunction; or
- (2) Dispenses drugs, medical devices, medical appliances, or medical goods for the treatment of human disease or dysfunction.
 - (i) "Hospital" has the meaning stated in § 19–301 of this title.
- (j) (1) "Mandated health insurance service" means a legislative proposal or statute that would require a particular health care service to be provided or offered in a health benefit plan, by a carrier or other organization authorized to provide health benefit plans in the State.
- (2) "Mandated health insurance service", as applicable to all carriers, does not include services enumerated to describe a health maintenance organization under § 19–701(g)(2) of this title.
 - (k) "Nursing facility" has the meaning stated in § 19–1401 of this title.
- (l) (1) "Office facility" means the office of one or more health care practitioners in which health care services are provided to individuals.
 - (2) "Office facility" includes a facility that provides:
 - (i) Ambulatory surgery;
 - (ii) Radiological or diagnostic imagery; or
 - (iii) Laboratory services.

(3) "Office facility" does not include any office, facility, or service operated by a hospital and regulated under Part II of this subtitle.

(m) "Payor" means:

- (1) A health insurer or nonprofit health service plan that holds a certificate of authority and provides health insurance policies or contracts in the State in accordance with this article or the Insurance Article;
- (2) A health maintenance organization that holds a certificate of authority in the State; or
- (3) For the purposes of this Part III of this subtitle only, a person that is registered as an administrator under Title 8, Subtitle 3 of the Insurance Article.

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